ANNEXURE

STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION & TRAINING, TAMILNADU DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS M-SCHEME

(Implements from the Academic year 2015-2016 onwards

Course Name: All Branches of Diploma in Engineering and Technology and Special

Programmes except DMOP, HMCT and Film & TV

Subject Code: 30016

Semester : I Semester

Subject Title: ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I PRACTICAL

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

No. of Weeks per Semester: 15 Weeks

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Subject	Instructions		Examination				
	Hours/ Week	Hours/ Semester	Marks				
			Internal Assessment/ Record	Board Examination	Total	Duration	
ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I PRACTICAL	2	30	25	75	100	3 Hours	

RATIONALE:

In Diploma level engineering education skill development plays a vital role. The skill development can be achieved by on hand experience in handling various instruments, apparatus and equipment. This is accomplished by doing engineering related experiments in practical classes in various laboratories.

GUIDELINES:

- All the Eight experiments given in the list of experiments should be completed and given for the end semester practical examination.
- In order to develop best skills in handling Instruments / Equipment and taking readings in the practical classes, every two students should be provided with a separate experimental setup for doing experiments in the laboratory.
- The external examiners are requested to ensure that a single experimental question should not be given to more than four students while admitting a batch of 30 students during Board Examinations.

30016- ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I PRACTICAL

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS WITH OBJECTIVES:

1. MICROMETER (SCREW GAUGE).

To measure the thickness of the given irregular glass plate using micrometer. To determine the area of the glass plate using a graph sheet and to calculate the volume of the glass plate.

2. VERNIER CALIPERS.

To measure the length and diameter of the given solid cylinder using vernier calipers and to calculate the volume of the solid cylinder.

3. CONCURRENT FORCES.

To verify the parallelogram law of forces and Lami's theorem.

4. COMPARISON OF VISCOSITIES

To compare the co-efficient of viscosities of two low viscous Liquids by capillary flow method.

5. STOKES' METHOD.

To determine the coefficient of viscosity of a high viscous liquid.

6. SURFACE TENSION.

To determine the surface tension of water by capillary rise method.

7. SONOMETER.

To determine the frequency of the given tuning fork.

8. DEFLECTION MAGNETOMETER

To compare the magnetic moments of the two bar magnets using deflection Magnetometer in Tan A position, by equal distance method.

ALLOCATION OF MARKS

Formula, Explanation&	15 marks	
Tabulation with proper	10 marks	
Observation (including	35 marks	
Calculation		10 marks
Result	05 marks	
	Total	75 Marks

30016 ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I PRACTICAL

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

1. MICROMETER (SCREW GAUGE).

Screw gauge, graph sheet and irregular glass plate.

2. VERNIER CALIPERS.

Vernier Calipers and Solid Cylinder

3. CONCURRENT FORCES.

Vertical drawing board, two Z pulleys, three sets of slotted weights (5 x 50g) and twine thread.

4. COMPARISON OF VISCOSITIES

Burette stand, graduated burette without stopper, rubber tube, Capillary Tube, beaker, digital stop watch, twoliquids and funnel.

5. STOKES' METHOD.

Stokes' Apparatus, high viscous liquid (Castrol oil), glass beads of Different radii, digital stop watch and screw gauge.

6. SURFACE TENSION.

Beaker with water, capillary tube, iron stand with clamp, pointer, Travelling microscope and hydro static bench.

7. SONOMETER.

Sonometer, screw gauge, tuning fork, rubber hammer, slotted weight hanger set (5 x 0.5kg) and paper rider.

8. DEFLECTION MAGNETOMETER

scale and two bar magnets.

Deflection Magnetometer, meter scale and two bar magnets

30016 ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I PRACTICAL

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

- 1. Measure the thickness of the given irregular glass plate using micrometer. Determine the area of the glass plate using a graph sheet and calculate the volume of the glass plate.
- 2. Measure the length and diameter of the given solid cylinder using Vernier calipers and then calculates the volume of the solid cylinder.
- 3. Verify the parallelogram law of forces and Lami's theorem using concurrent forces.
- 4. Compare the coefficient of viscosity of two Liquids by capillary flow method, using graduated burette.
- 5. Determine the coefficient of viscosity of a high viscous liquid by Stokes' method.
- 6. Determine the surface tension of water by capillary rise method.
- 7. Determine the frequency of the given tuning fork using sonometer.
- 8. Compare the magnetic moments of the two bar magnets using deflection magnetometer in Tan-A position, by equal distance method
